



Organizational Change and Transition

This document is to be used together with the Transition Curve chart on page 3 & 4.

Transition Curve Tool

Organizations go through many types of **changes** and employees may go through different emotions and reactions during these changes and over time. This tool can support organization leaders to facilitate successful **transitions**.

Transition Phases

Endings: People in the "Endings" section are in the midst of change. They may fear loss of security, competence, relationships, or territory, and may lack a sense of direction. A caterpillar, "worried about letting go."

Neutral Zone: In the "Neutral Zone," people are amidst shifting attitudes, practices, and roles; they may feel unfocused and frustrated, but may also seek new options and opportunities. A cocoon, a place of transformation, an **attitude shift,** and a turning point, often where the most **creativity** happens.

New Beginnings: In the "New Beginnings" section, people are actively engaged, with clear individual and team focus with planning and actions. A butterfly, ready to "**commit to the new.**"

Role of leaders through change

As a leader, you should understand where you and the people you work with are along the transition curve. The capacity to manage change increases when an organization demonstrates trauma-informed leadership and care, staff wellness practices, and a work environment that supports resiliency and equity. When organizations are rooted in missions and core values, individuals will experience more meaningful transitions. There are action steps, listed on the **outside** of the transition curve, that leaders and peers can take to move through the transition successfully. **See next page for strategies in using this tool.**

"Change is situational: the new site, the new boss, new team roles.

Transition is the psychological process people go through to come to terms with the new situation.

Change is external, transition is internal."

William Bridges

Comments about the use of the Transition Curve tool:

"I truly appreciated the change/ transition piece...The chart gave me a clear visual walk through to help work through it." Training participant.

"Transition Curve really helped with acceptance of where we are as an organization and personally as well." Training participant.

"The curve reminds us that beginnings start with an ending, and endings start beginnings."

Beckie Masaki.

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Using the Transition Curve Tool (on page 3-4)

Recommended users: Directors, managers, staff, board of directors, facilitators, and trainers.

Strategies for Leaders to Facilitate Transition

- 1. Communicate, acknowledge feelings, and express the value of individuals' knowledge and skills.
- 2. Implement the recommended actions/strategies listed in the **Transition Curve** that individuals can take for themselves and to support others.
- 3. Establish expectations, and provide solid direction, frequent feedback, support, and motivation.
- 4. Facilitate a plan for success, encourage engagement/leadership, and provide opportunities for professional development. Assess and support the unique needs of each individual.

How to use this tool

Introduce and explain the Transition Curve, and how this tool can help your team discuss the **change** that you are going through, and also help develop actions steps to support each other in the **transition**. Establish ground rules for the discussion; for example confidentiality, respect for individuals, "listen to understand", and mutual support.

Sample activities:

Ask the group or individual to review the Transition Curve. Individuals should consider their current feelings and self-select where they belong along the Transition Curve: **Endings, Neutral Zone, and Beginnings.** Individuals may do this publicly or privately.

Group discussion questions, can be divided into small groups or in pairs:

- Why are you in this phase? What are some of your feelings or worries on the change?
- What would you want others to know?
- How do you view your role related to the change? Sponsor/lead, implementer, or advocate?
- What can you do for yourself and others to move positively through the transition? (See Transition Curve chart for ideas).
- How can we help?

Reflecting and cross-group sharing:

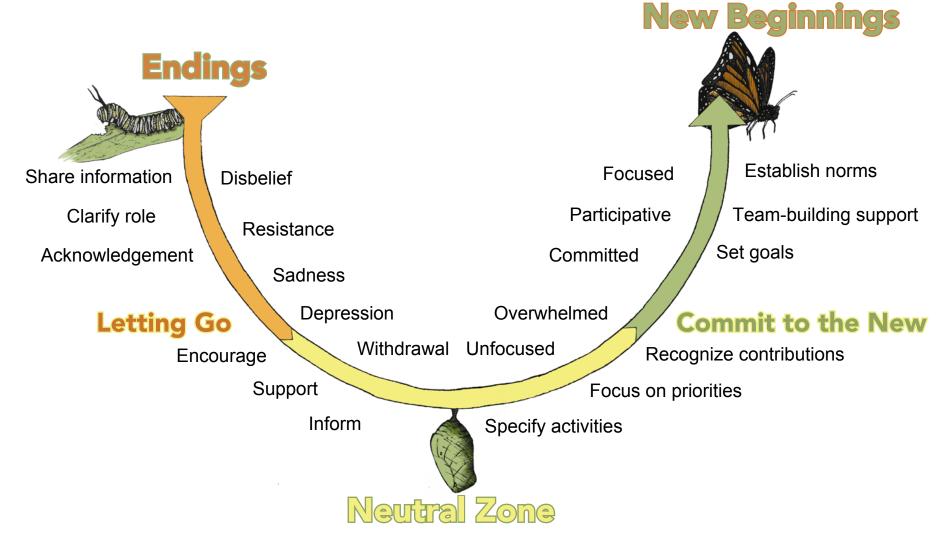
Bring all groups together to share about conversations with particular emphasis on what you would want others to know and what you can do for yourself and others in the transition phases.

Create a plan to implement and practice **strategies** from the Transition Curve. Assess and facilitate needed resources and training to support staff with the transition.

Follow-up and check-in to assess progress and needed support in transition. Recognize results.

Note: Each individual is unique and moves forward in transition in a different pace. Through communication and building trusting relationships, you can better help yourself and others move through transition.

Transition Curve



This visual tool marks and guides the phases of transitions during organizational changes: Endings, Neutral, and New Beginnings. Words **inside** the curve describe common emotions and reactions that people go through during transition. Words **outside** describe possible strategies and actions that we can take to move ourselves and help others through the transition.

Please see attached Transition Curve tool guide for description and guidance on using this tool.

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Organizational Change and Transition

Endings	Neutral Zone	New Beginnings
Letting Go	Sense Making/Attitude Shift	Commit to the New
Emotions & Reactions	Emotions & Reactions	Emotions & Reactions
 Anger Bargaining Betrayal Denial & fear Disbelief Individual focus Resistance Sadness 	 Apathy Defocused Depression Overwhelmed Reduced productivity Resistance Unfocused Withdrawal 	 Clear focus & planning Committed Explore options Involved Participative Proactive Satisfaction Team focused
Leaders can help by:	Leaders can help by:	Leaders can help by:
 Acknowledge concerns Allow time Clarify role Give space Honor the past Listen to understand Maximize communication Share information, inform Show caring 	 Encourage creativity & ideas Focus on priorities Follow-up Meet with individuals Review policies and procedures Reinforce suggestions Spark motivation Specify activities Support 	 Develop capacity/leadership Establish norms Look forward Mission and values review Recognize commitments Recognize contributions Set goals and priorities Share knowledge Team-building support
Individuals can: Listen, ask questions, express, talk with others, keep things in perspective, and seek support.	Individuals can: Seek purpose, sense of control, understanding, plan to get skills, participate, and be proactive.	Individuals can: Set clear personal objectives, develop knowledge and skills, find a mentor, and celebrate.

Leaders may ask: How are you doing? What are you feeling/thinking? How can I help?

This chart is to be used together with the Transition Curve chart and tool guide.

Organizational Change and Transition Resources

<u>Transition Curve Toolkit Video</u> (five minute video with an overview of the Transition Curve)

<u>Change Management:</u> Strategies to Help Nonprofit Leaders Make the Most of Uncertain Times

<u>Compassion Fatigue & Self-Care for Individuals and Organizations</u> (Webinar/resources Futures Without Violence)

<u>Getting at Real Transformation</u> – A brief article with practical tips for aspiring leaders of change

How to Ensure Board is Appropriately Involved in Projects for Change

<u>Leadership in a (Permanent) Crisis</u>," Ronald Heifetz, Alexander Grashow, and Marty Linsky, *Harvard Business Review*

<u>Leading With Emotional Intelligence</u>, (Webinar, Futures Without Violence)

<u>Managing Change and Transition</u>, University of Victoria, Centre for Excellence in Learning (Tool Kit)

Managing Transitions: Making the Most of Change, William Bridges

<u>The Benefits of Mentorship: Empower, Lead, Succeed in Organizations Serving Survivors of Violence</u> (Webinar/resources Futures Without Violence)

Sample comments that suggest individual's phase in organizational transition.

Switch: How to Change Things When Change is Hard, Chip Heath and Dan Heath

<u>The Sanctuary Model, by Sandra Bloom.</u> Trauma-informed, trauma-responsive, methodology for creating or changing an <u>organizational culture</u>.

Trauma and Resiliency: Tips for building strong and healthy organizations (Article)

Who Moved My Cheese?: An Amazing Way to Deal with Change in Your Work and in Your Life, Johnson, Spencer 1st edition (1998) Book

Who Moved My Cheese?

Video with story about adjusting attitudes toward change in life, especially at work.

Note: We offer these resources as a reference. Their content does not represent the views of Futures Without Violence.